INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

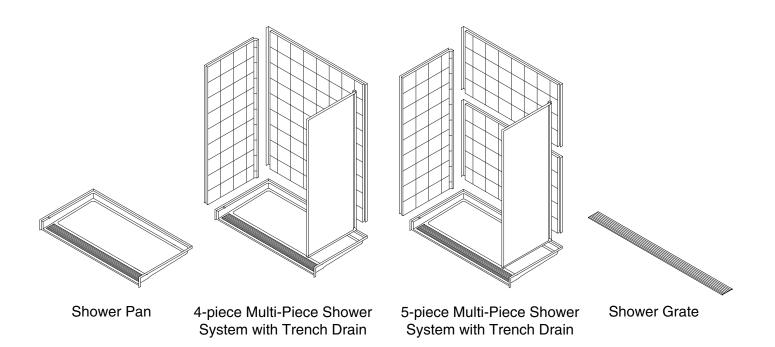
Multi-Piece Shower with Trench Drain V3

for models requiring a 7"x18" box-out



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This packet includes installation instructions for the Bestbath® products shown below. (These instructions also available at www.bestbath.com)



Before you begin installation, please carefully read all instructions regarding the proper installation of your shower unit.

Initial Setup

PRE-INSTALLATION PREP

1 CHECK PARTS INVENTORY

If any parts are damaged, immediately file a claim with the carrier. Minor damage (scuffs and scrapes can be touched up later.

FOR SHOWER BASE ONLY

- Front Trench Pan
- Epoxy (for pan installation)
- Shower Grate
- No-Caulk Drain

FOR MULTI-PIECE UNITS

- Side Walls
- Back Wall (1 or 2 pieces, depending on model)
- Joint Sealant
- Construction Adhesive (Depending on model)
- Suction Cups (Depending on model)
- Optional: Flange Trim Kit For Walls

2 GATHER SUPPLIES

FOR SHOWER BASE ONLY

- Drywall Screws (11/2")
- Weights (See page 4)

FOR MULTI-PIECE UNITS

- Drywall Screws (11/2")
- Shim Wedges
- Four pieces 2x4 lumber, 8 ft. long (For walls; see Step 2 at right)

Please read all instructions provided in this guide prior to installation.

PREPARING SHOWER POCKET



Top of nailing flange, plus 1".

Mark and cut out drywall to fit back and side walls of shower. Remove drywall 1" beyond side wall and top nailing flanges. (Figures 1 and 2)

Figure 1

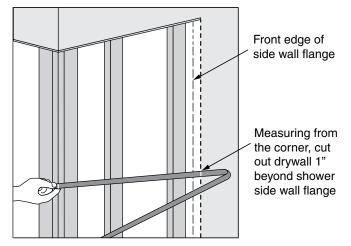


Figure 2

Install studs to provide support for flange and drywall attachment. (Figure 3)

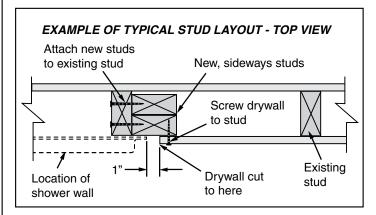


Figure 3

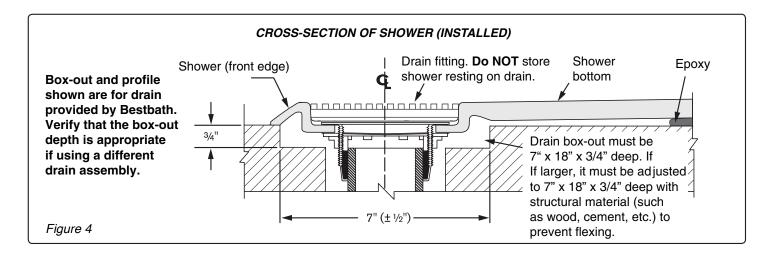
Rough in plumbing valve and drain per manufacturer's specifications.

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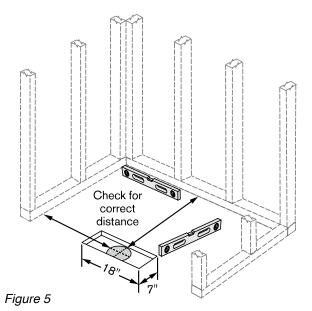
Pan Installation

INSTALLING A FRONT TRENCH PAN WITH 7X18 BOXOUT

CAUTION: IF NOT INSTALLED PROPERLY, THE SHOWER PAN MAY NOT PERFORM AS DESIGNED AND WILL NOT BE COVERED BY THE WARRANTY.

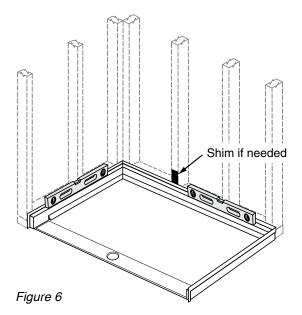


Check shower pocket area for level and for correct dimensions. Make sure drain hole in floor is the correct distance from studs and centered in the 7" x 18" x 3/4" deep box-out. The floor must be within 1/8" of level. There must be no high spots, especially around drain box-out. (Figure 5)



Drain box-out must be 7" x 18" x 3/4" deep. Drain pipe must be centered in box-out.

2 DRY-FIT THE PAN: Set pan in the pocket and use a level to ensure that the unit is level and positioned correctly. If the unit is out of level, re-check the subfloor to ensure that it meets the required specifications. Shimming is allowed on the back leveling blocks up to 1/8".

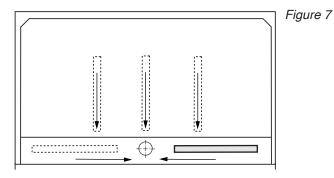


(continued on page 4)

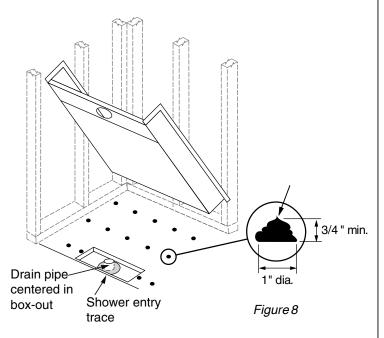
Pan Installation

INSTALLING A FRONT TRENCH PAN WITH 7X18 BOXOUT

Place a level as shown in Figure 7 and verify that there is slope towards the drain.

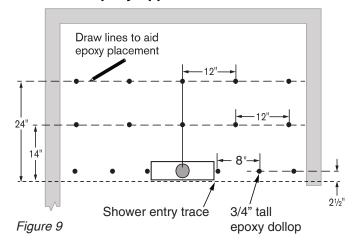


Once the unit is level and the slope has been verified, draw a line on the floor along the shower entry. Then, prop the pan up to apply epoxy on the floor (see step 5). At this point, have a plumber install the drain fitting in the pan bottom and prepare the drain pipe to receive the drain. (see page 5 steps 10-13). DO NOT LET THE PAN REST ON THE DRAIN. This will cause the shower bottom to deform.

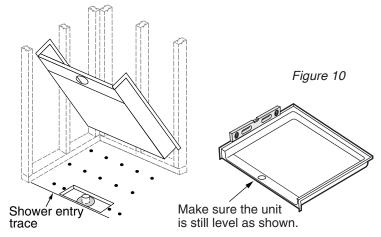


Sweep the subfloor and remove all debris from the pocket area and the underside of the unit so the supplied epoxy will adhere properly. The floor may be damp, but there should be no standing water. Figure 9 shows the epoxy pattern required for installation.

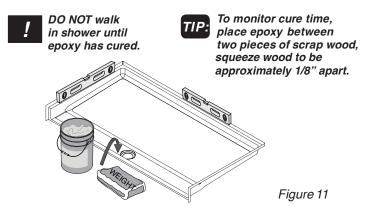
Epoxy Application Pattern



6 PLACE THE UNIT BACK IN POSITION. Make sure it aligns with line drawn in Step 4. Avoid stepping in shower until epoxy has cured.



PLACE 50 POUNDS OF WEIGHT on top of the drain, as shown in Figure 11 to ensure the pan is making contact with the epoxy.



Weight Recommendations

An initial weight of roughly 50 pounds is required to bond the unit to the subfloor. Use a level to make sure there is slope to the drain; the level should sit flat against the shower floor (without rocking).

Pan Installation

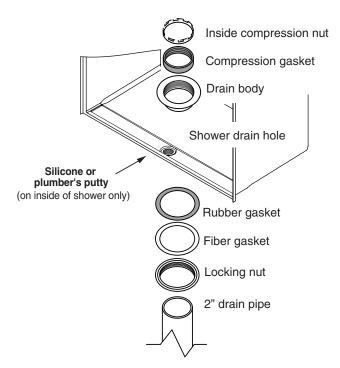
INSTALLING A FRONT TRENCH PAN WITH 7X18 BOXOUT

INSTALLING NO-CAULK DRAIN

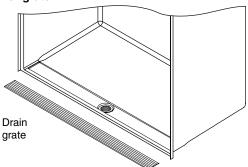
- Pour water or check the shower floor with a level to ensure proper drainage. If in doubt, remove the unit from the pocket and review the previous steps.
- Monitor the cure time samples from Step 7. When the pieces of scrap wood are bonded and epoxy is hard, remove weight and screw flanges to framing. Predrill the nailing flanges to avoid cracking the gel coat. Be sure to avoid stepping inside the shower bottom until the epoxy has fully cured.

No-Caulk Drain Installation

- Remove inside compression nut and compression gasket.
- Apply silicone or plumber's putty around shower drain hole, on the inside of shower only.
- 12 Install drain body in shower drain hole.
- Install rubber gasket, fiber gasket and locking nut; tighten locking nut.
- Install shower over drain pipe (or install pipe later.)
- 15 Slide inside compression gasket into drain body and slip over pipe. Make sure beveled end of inside compression gasket is facing up and is flush with pipe surface.
- 16 Tighten inside compression nut into drain body using the tool provided.

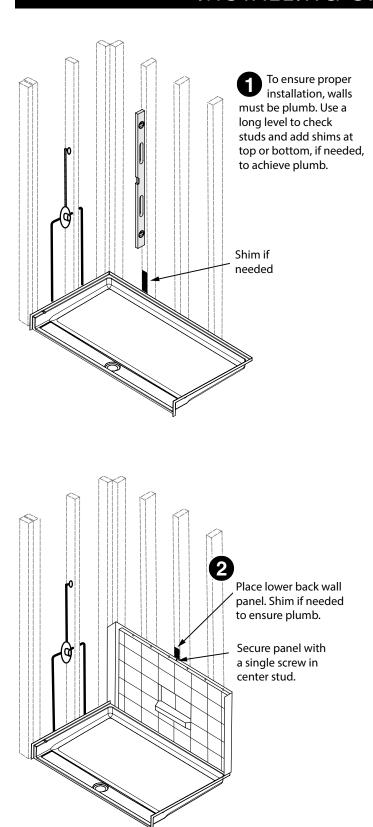


Gently place grate over drain. No hardware required for grate.

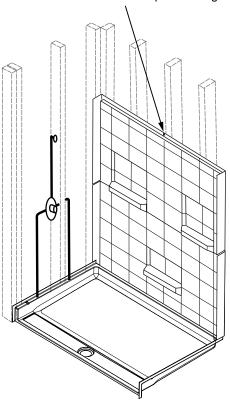


Multi-Piece Shower Systems

INSTALLING SHOWER WALLS



Place upper panel and hold it in place with one screw near the center. Do not completely tighten scew. Add shims to keep wall straight if needed.

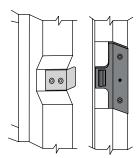


Drill plumbing holes in side wall panel; then proceed to side wall installation. **(Step 5A or 5B** on page 7).

Multi-Piece Shower System with Trench Drain

INSTALLING SHOWER WALLS (CONTINUED)

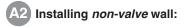
SnapJoint Walls: If your walls have the SnapJoint hardware shown below, proceed with steps A1 and A2.



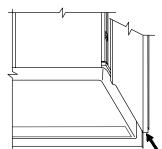
Installing valve wall:

If parts of the shower valve and/or pipe nipple stick out:

- (1) Completely insert side wall at an angle to clear plumbing.
- (2) Rotate the wall into place;
- (3) Push wall until front is flush with pan.



Rest side wall on pan ledge, then push it into the wall channel until front is flush with pan.

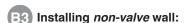


SpringClip Walls: If your walls have the SpringClip hardware shown below, proceed with steps B1 - B3.

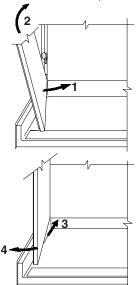
Unless you are doing a dry fit first, apply a generous dollop of contruction adhesive (included) between the flange and the back of each SpringClip as shown. After applying the adhesive, proceed directly to step B2.



- B2 Installing valve wall:
- (1) Holding side wall angled inward, insert it at the lowest SpringClip first.
- (2) Pivot the wall up to engage the remaining clips.
- (3) Keep side wall completely inserted but still angled to clear the shower valve and/ or pipe nipple.
- (4) Rotate wall over plumbing. Push wall in until front is flush with pan.

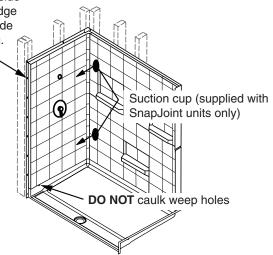


Holding side wall angled inward, insert it at the lowest SpringClip first, then rotate wall in to insert it at the higher clips. Push wall in until front is flush with pan.





With walls firmly pushed down and front edge of side wall aligned with front edge of pan, screw through side wall flanges into framing.



- For SnapJoint Walls ONLY: With a suction cup on lower back wall panel, pull it firmly forward until back and side walls are pulled together. You will hear a series of clicks as the panel locking clip engages. Repear with upper panel.
- Screw top flange of back wall to studs.
- Apply silicone caulk in all joints except weep holes, which are located near the front on the seam between the pan and side wall.